

Building Envelope Inspection

Reducing Your Risk & Liability

GAPPA 2022 Jekyll Island Convention Center Tuesday May 31, 2022

The Pinnacle of Structural Engineering



Learning Objectives

Building Envelope Inspection

- Why
- Inspection Protocol
- Roofing/Façade/Below Grade Construction
- AIA Continuing Education Provider

Reporting

Innovative Engineering, Inc.

- Scott L. Weiland PE SE
 - BSCE University of Michigan
 - Graduate Studies:
 - San Jose State University
 - Georgia Institute of Technology
 - Level I sUAS Thermographer
 - BESI Building Envelope Certified Level 2
 - Haag Certified Inspector Commercial Roofs
 - Articles:
 - IFMA FMJ Magazine Legionnaires' Disease: COVID-19 for Buildings?
 - Structure Magazine Building Façade Inspection Part I & II
 - Georgia Engineer Building Façade Inspection Part I & II
 - AIA Design Equilibrium Building Façade Inspection
 - BOMA Georgia Insight Magazine Falling Building Façade Closes Atlanta Streets





Building Envelope Inspection

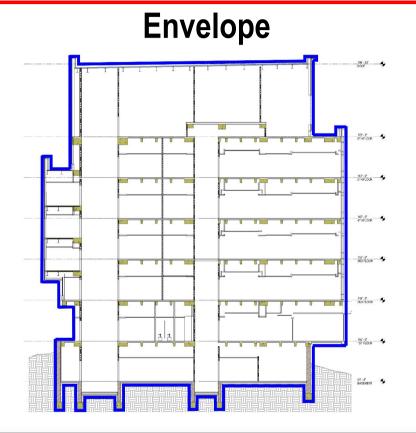
Innovative Engineering, Inc.

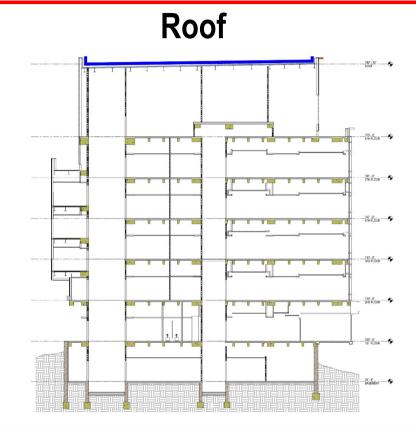
- Trey Thomas PE
 - BSCET, Southern Polytechnic State University
 - 15 Years in Design and Restoration Engineering
 - Co-author of Forensic articles
 - OSHA Qualified Fall Protection Engineer
 - OSHA Competent Person for Boom & Scissor Lifts
 - SPRAT Level 2 Rope Access Technician
 - FAA Part 107 Remote Pilot Certificate
 - FAA Part 107 Daylight Waiver
 - Level I Thermographer
 - Certified Lead, Asbestos, and Mold Sampler



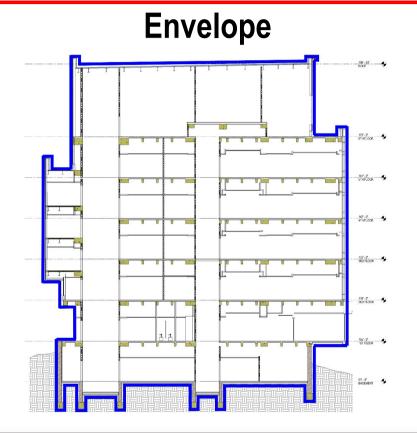


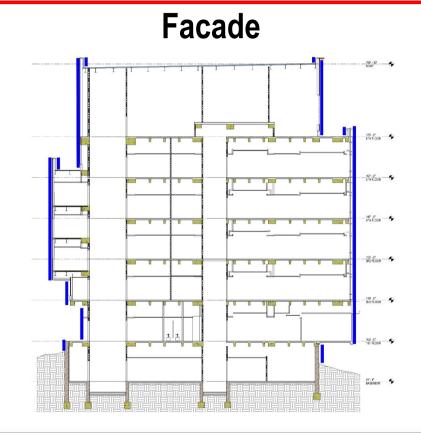
Building Envelope - Definitions



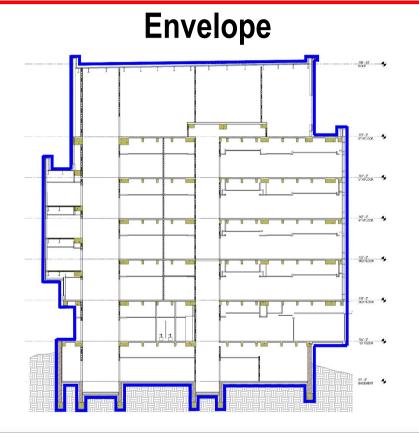


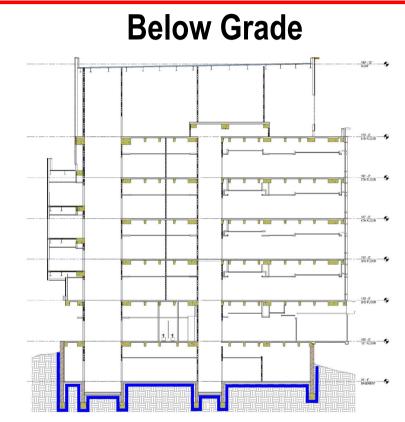
Building Envelope - Definitions





Building Envelope - Definitions

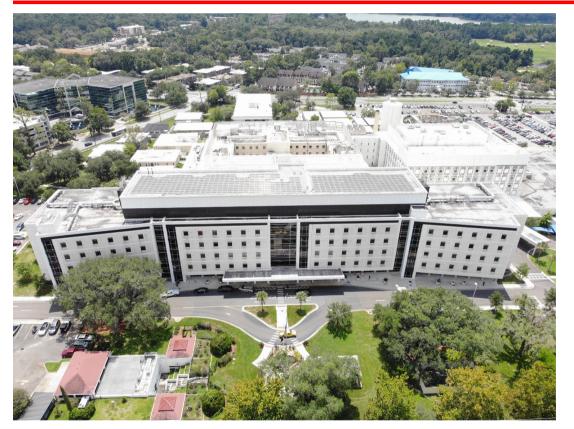




Façade Cornice Collapse – 2017 Atlanta Sidewalk



Building Science – Environmental Separator



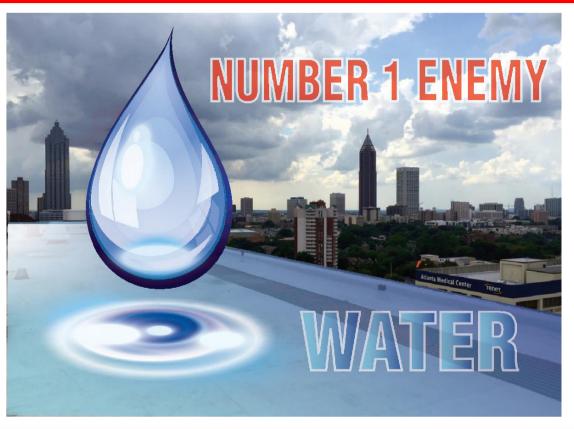
- Structural resistance to wind.
- Environmental protection from the elements, including moisture & temperature.
- Architectural appearance and aesthetics.

Building Science – Sources of Deficiencies

- Natural Aging
- Leakage
 - Roofing
 - Walls
 - Windows
 - Joints

Movement of Materials

- Thermal
- Moisture
- Elastic Deformation
- Creep
- Other (Short Term Exposure
 - Impact Damage
 - Lightning Strike

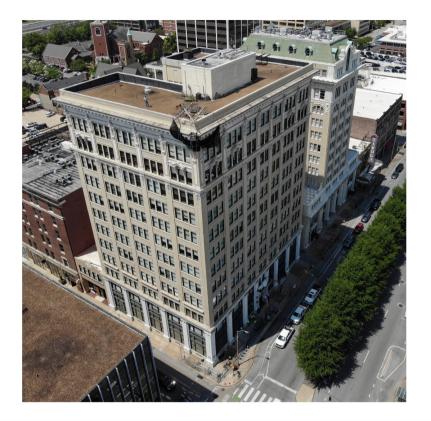


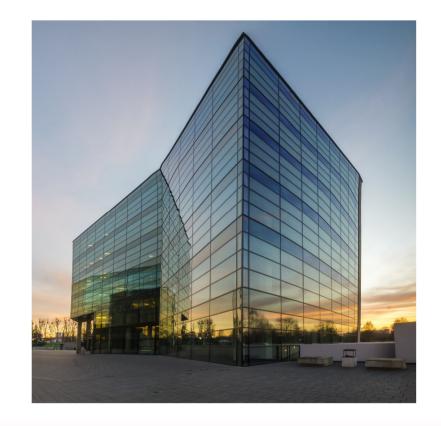
Building Science – Moisture Exposure

- Water Intrusion: 70% of construction litigation
- Damage Functions
 - Water
 - Heat
 - Ultra-Violet Radiation



Building Science – Water Shedding



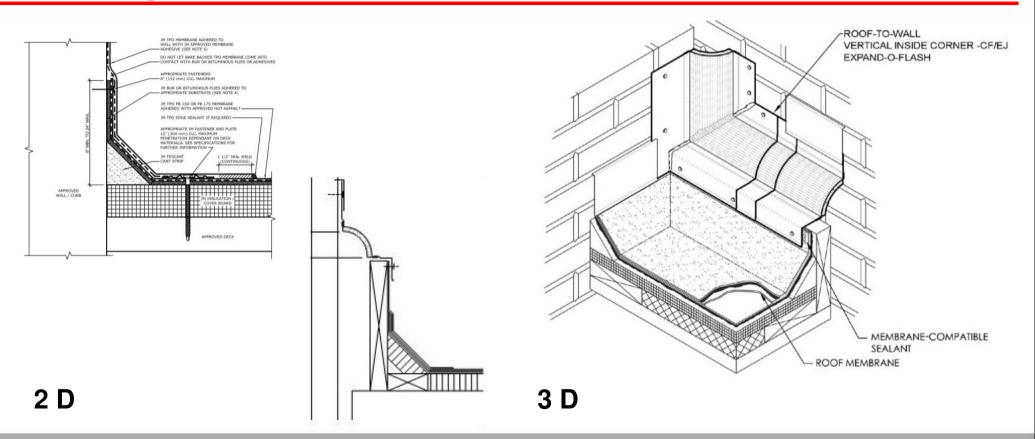


Building Science - Principles

- 90%/1%
 - 90% of the water intrusion problems occur within 1% of the total building exterior. Usually at terminations and transitions
- 99%
 - 99% of water intrusion problems are attributable to human error including detailing, specifications, or installation. Not material or system failures.



Building Science - Transition Details

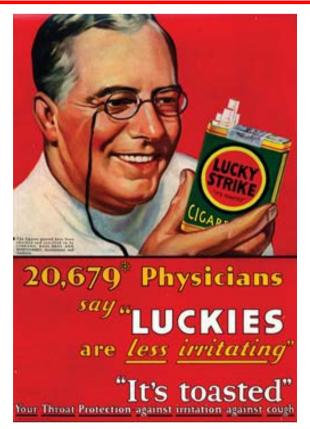


Building Science - Sealant



Evolution of Design Considerations

- Thermal Expansion/Contraction
- Moisture Expansion/Contraction
- Corrosion Expansion
- Creep & Elastic Deformation
- Drainage Planes

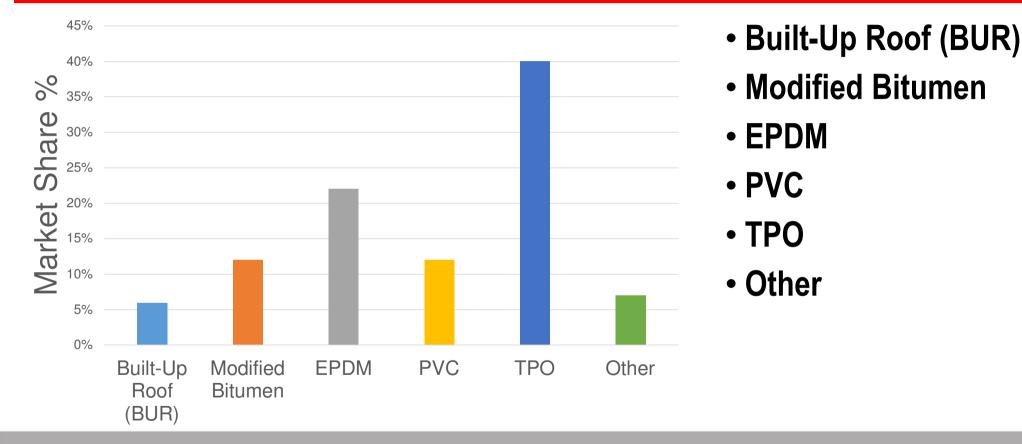


Inspection Protocol

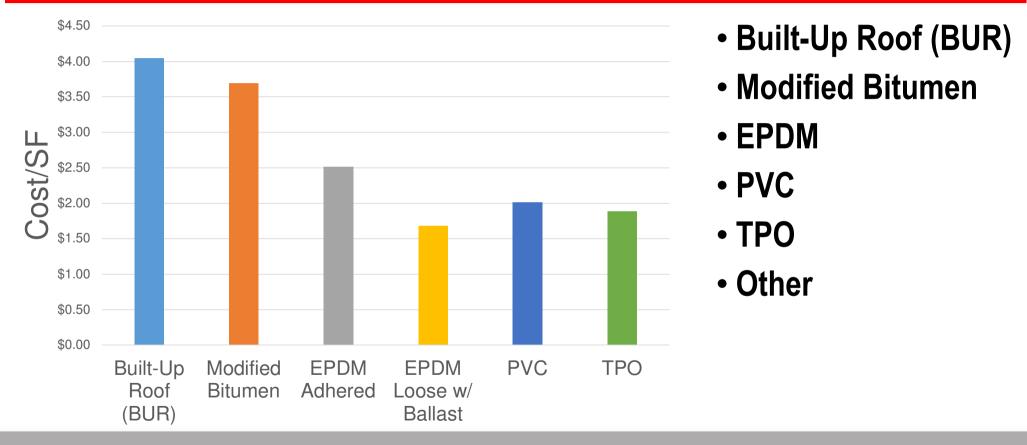
- Diagnose
- Prescribe
- Treat



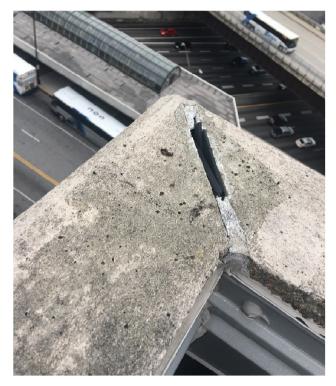
Roofing - Common Material Market Share



Roofing - Common Material Cost Data



Roofing - Natural Aging





Sealants

Roofing/Flashing

Roofing - Ponding



Ponding > 48 Hours

- **Ponding:** Most common factor in roofing failure
- Water Shedding: Can make up for shortcomings in design, construction, durability, & maintenance.
- **Degradation:** Asphalt & Polymeric materials
- Freezing: Erodes surface aggerate
- Voids: Manufacturers warranty

Roofing – Organic Growth

- Improper roof slope
- Improper drains, overflow drains, & overflow scuppers
- Clogged drains & scuppers
- Poor Housekeeping
- Roof collapse
- Promotes organic growth



Organic Growth

Roofing - Built-Up Roofing (BUR)



- Blistering
- Splits
- Ridging/ Wrinkling
- Slippage

Roofing - Modified Bitumen



- Defective Lap Seams
- Shrinkage
- Checking
- Blistering
- Delamination
- Slippage
- Splitting

Roofing - EPDM



• Lap-Seam Failure

- Flashing
- Other Common Problems 8%
 - Puncture
 - Shrinkage
 - Wind Uplift
- Minor Problems @<3%
 - Fastening
 - Blistering
 - Embrittlement

Roofing - PVC



Embrittlement

• Puncture

Roofing - TPO

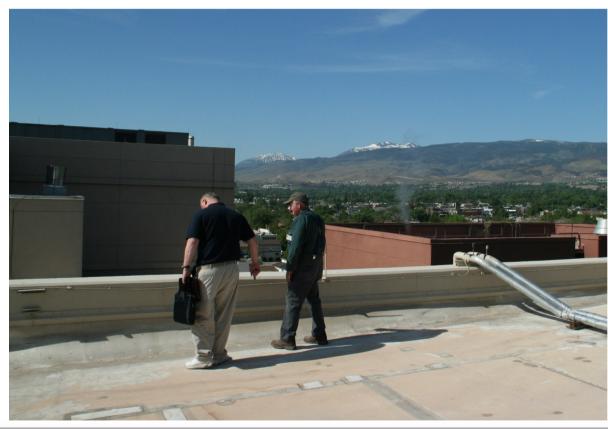


Image by RCI

Premature Aging

- Erosion of Top Surface
- Small Holes/Slits
- Cracking
- Separation
- Seam Failures
- Newest Roofing Material

Roof Inspection Protocol



- User interviews
- Document Research
- Attic/Plenum Survey
- IR Moisture Survey (Dusk)
- Confirmation Testing
- Visual Moisture Survey (Dawn)
- Reporting
- Estimating

Roof Inspection

Attic/Plenum Space

- Water Stains
- Rust
- Pipe leaks
- Condensation

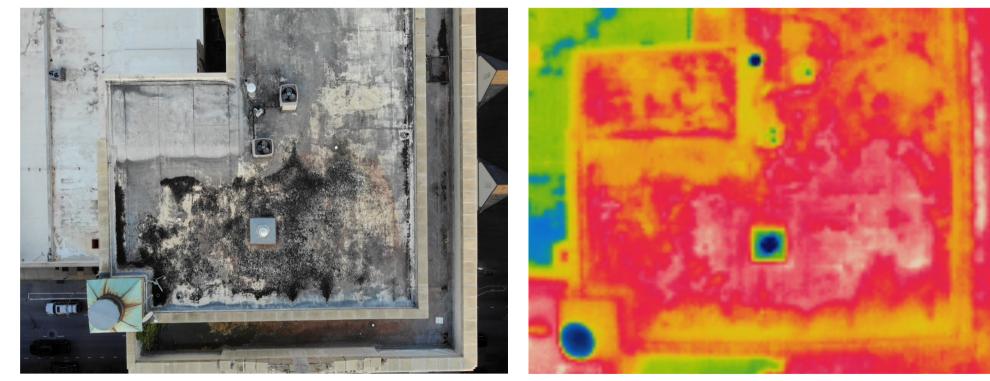


Roof Inspection - Drone Infrared

- Infrared Camera (IR)
- Best After Dusk
 - Insulation and Moisture Heats Up During the Day
 - Dry Insulation cools off faster than Wet Insulation
- Daylight Waiver Required
- Height to See Major Portions of Roof
- Safer and More Accurate than Handheld



Roofing Inspection – Thermal Imaging



Visual Red-Green-Blue (RGB)

Infrared (IR)

Roof Inspection – IR Confirmation





Impedance Meter

Pin-Type Meter

Roofing Inspection – IR Confirmation





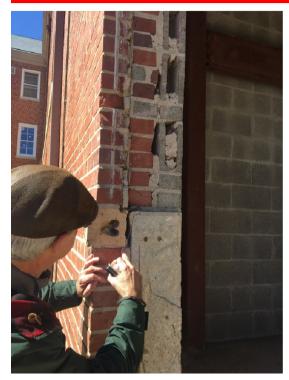
Sample

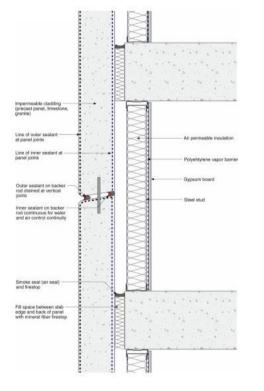
Roofing Inspection – Visual at Dawn

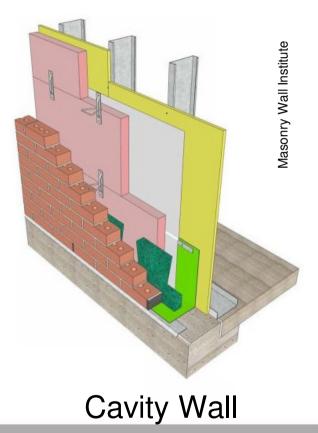


- Easiest when someone finds the leak for you.
- Membrane Deterioration
- Debris
- Ponding
- Wet spots
- Seams
 - Separation
 - Oozing Water
 - Oozing Bubbles
- Flashing
- Holes, Punctures, Other Damage

Façade – 3 Wall Types



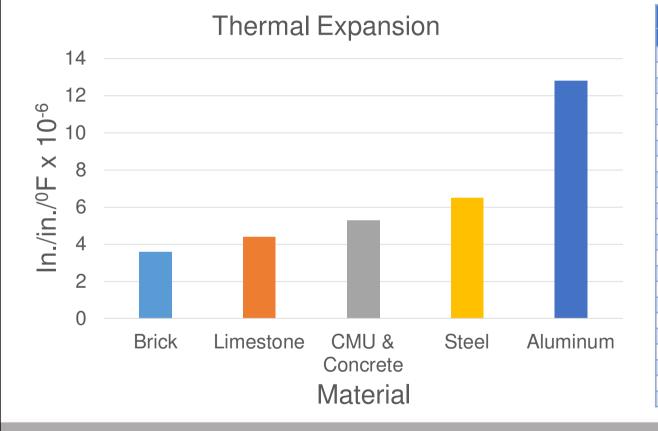




Mass Wall

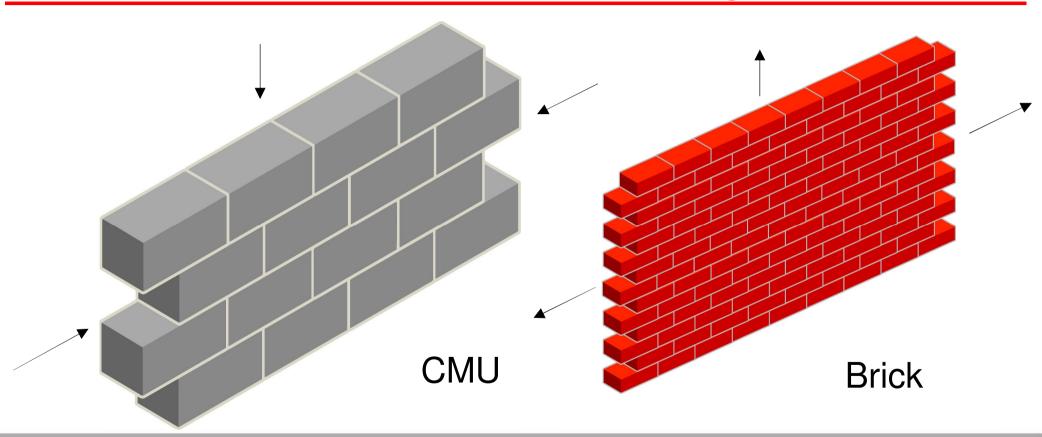
Barrier Wall

Facade - Thermal Expansion

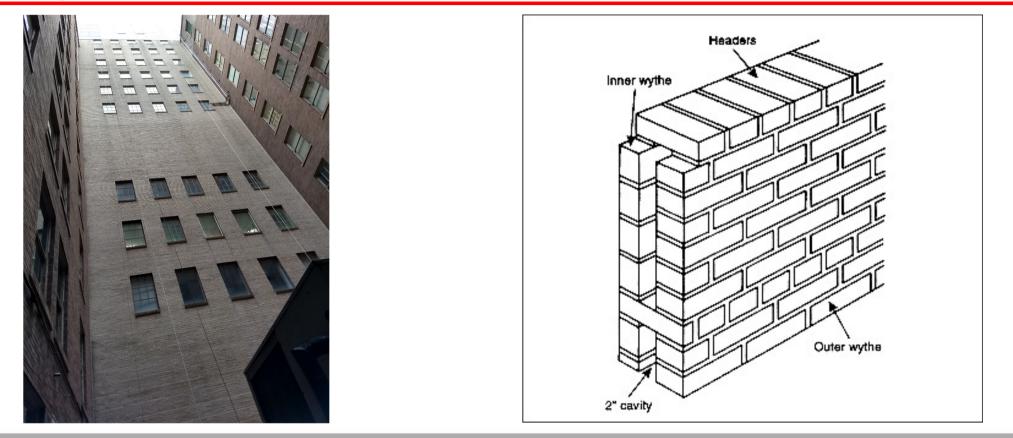


| Coefficients of Thermal Expansion | |
|--|--|
| Material | in./in./ ⁰ F x 10 ⁻⁶ |
| Wood | |
| Pine (parellel to grain) | 3.0 |
| Pine (perpendicular to grain) | 19.0 |
| | |
| Masonry | |
| Brick | 3.6 |
| Limestone | 4.4 |
| Granite | 4.7 |
| Concrete Masonry Unit (CMU) | 5.2 |
| Marble | 7.3 |
| | |
| Concrete | |
| Concrete (Normal Weight) | 5.5 |
| | |
| Metals | |
| Steel | 6.5 |
| Copper | 9.3 |
| Aluminum | 12.8 |
| | |
| Finishes | |
| Glass | 5.0 |
| Gypsum Plaster, Sand | 7.0 |
| Gypsum Board | 9.0 |

Facade - Moisture Expansion/Shrinkage



Façade – Moisture/Thermal Expansion/Contraction



Façade – Moisture & Thermal Expansion/Contraction





Façade – Corrosion Expansion



Facade – Elastic Deformation & Creep

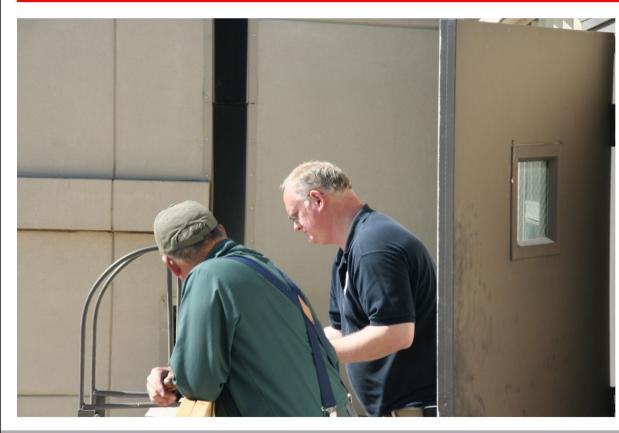


Facade - Lightning Strike





Facade Inspection Protocol



- User Interviews
- Document Research
- Visual Inspection
- Closeup Inspection
- Minimally Invasive Inspection
- Water Testing
- Classifying Deficiencies
- Reporting
- Estimating

Façade Inspection - Visual



Façade Inspection - Tactile Close-Up



Boom Lift

Rope Access

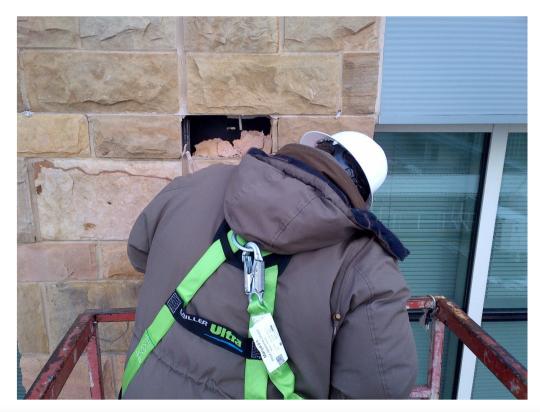
Façade Inspection - Bore Scope (Brick Veneer)





Façade Inspection – Minimally Invasive Inspection

- Multiple Water Control Layers
 - Water Shedding
 - Water Drainage
 - Waterproofing
- Can't be afraid to dismantle small portion of wall.



Façade Inspection - Testing

- Water Testing
 - Duplicate a Leak
 - Work from Bottom to Top
 - Observer on Inside
 - AAMA 501.2 Spray Wand



Below Grade Waterproofing

- One chance to get it right
- Three things required for a Leak
 - Water
 - Hole(s)
 - Pressure
- Difficult to diagnose



Below Grade Waterproofing - Membrane

External Membranes

- Fluid-Applied
- Sheet Applied
- System Requirements
 - Embedded Waterstop at Joints
 - Wrap Entire Foundation
 - Protection Board
 - Drainage System



Below Grade Waterproofing – Leak Detection & Repairs

External

- Manage Source of Water
- Repair/Replace Positive Side Waterproofing System
- Inject soil with Polyurethane Grout

Internal

- Seal cracks with Hydraulic Grout
- Surface Coatings

Building Envelope Inspection

- Drill weep holes at base of wall
- Install perimeter under slab drains to sump or daylight.

Crystalline Repair Grout



Reporting

- Project Information
- General Building Description
 - Original Construction
 - Renovations
 - Additions
- General Building Condition
- Findings & Recommendations by Deficiency level
- Detailed Description of Building Structural, Façade & Waterproofing Systems
- Methods Used to Conduct Investigation
- Building Footprint & Elevations w/ Deficiencies
- Deficiency Photos
- Detailed Findings & Recommendations
- Estimate

Classification of Deficiencies

- Unsafe Condition
- Requires Repair/Stabilization
- Ordinary Maintenance

Learning Objectives

- Why
- Inspection Protocol
- Roofing/Façade/Below Grade Construction
- Reporting



Scott L. Weiland PE SE

sweiland@ieiusa.com 678-570-7399 (c)

Atlanta Office

Innovative Engineering Inc. 3380 Trickum Road Bldg. 500, Suite 100 Woodstock, Georgia 30188 678-883-5868 (direct)

